

Family Caregiving Competencies for Nursing Education: Recommendations from a National Consortium

Nannette Cowen, PhD, FNP-BC - Binghamton University (NY)
Andra Davis, PhD, MN, RN - University of Portland (OR)
Sara Hart, PhD, RN - University of Utah
Connie Perkins, PhD, RN, CNE- St. Bonaventure University (NY)
Tanya Seward, DNP, APRN, AGNP-C, FNP-C - University of Providence

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CONSORTIUM & ADVISORY MEMBERS

CONSORTIUM Members

Sara Hart, PhD, RN - University of Utah Kathryn Sexson, PhD, APRN, FNP-BC - University of California, Davis

Nannette Cowen, PhD, FNP-BC - Binghamton University (NY)

Andra Davis, PhD, MN, RN - University of Portland (OR)

Jennifer Mongoven, MPH - University of California, Davis

Connie Perkins, PhD, RN, CNE- St. Bonaventure University (NY)

Tanya Seward, DNP APRN AGNP-C FNP-C - University of Providence

Hui Zhao, PhD, MSN, RN- James Madison University

Tina Lucas, PhD, ANP-BC, RN - Randolph-Macon College

ADVISORY Members

- Casey Shillam, PhD, RN, FAAN RAISE Advisory Council Member
- Lindsay Mullins, PhD, FNP-BC- Franciscan Missionaries of Our Lady University
- Fawn A. Cothran, PhD, RN, GCNS-BC, FGSA National Alliance for Caregiving
- Betty Farrell, PhD, MSN, CHPN City of Hope
- Rita Chula, MA AARP, Director of Caregiving
- Terri Harvath, PhD, RN, FAAN, FGSA University of Minnesota
- Barbara J. Bowers, PhD, RN, FAAN University of Wisconsin, Madison
- Heather M. Young, PhD, RN, FAAN University of California, Davis
- Members of the AACN Faculty Leadership Network

PURPOSE

- U.S. health care is increasingly dependent on family caregivers
- Yet, nursing education lacks standardized competencies focused on caregivers and risks nurses being ill-prepared to provide personcentered, family-oriented care.

This podium presentation will share newly developed, entry-level nursing education competencies for identifying and integrating family caregivers into the person-centered and family-centered healthcare team. Recommendations for nursing education will be offered.

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BACKGROUND: Why This Matters

53 million Family Caregivers

- 1 in 5 Americans
 Complexity of Caregiving
- · Increasing comorbidity
- · Navigation of healthcare system

Caregiver Quality of Life

- Physical, emotional, social, financial Caregivers Save the US billions
- \$522 billion in lost wages
- Unable to continue due to burnout





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BACKGROUND: RAISE ACT (2018)

Goal 2: Advance partnerships and engagement with family caregivers

- Outcome 2.1: Recognized as essential partners in the care team
- Outcome 2.2: I.D. services and supports for caregivers
- Outcome 2.3: Included and considered in care recipient's plans of care
- Outcome 2.4: Impact of policies on family caregivers is anticipated and understood
- Outcome 2.5: Education curricula of professionals who will potentially work with family caregivers include specific topics and coursework designed to ensure they have the skills to do so effectively

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BACKGROUND: Nursing Education

PURPOSE: Uncover how nursing's response to the caregiving crisis may be influenced by the presence (or absence) of a professional discourse related to family caregivers

METHODS: Systematically examined 10 key documents informing and influencing nursing education and practice

RESULTS: Few meaningful references were found. When present, often perpetuated the role of family caregivers as invisible and unsupported (background, context, objects without agency)



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PROCESS:
National
Consortium for
Family
Caregiving
Competencies
in Nursing
Education



Launched in 2022, with members recruited from FLN network and recommendations from advisory panel experts



Guided by the AACN Essentials (2021) and similar efforts with interprofessional education, gerontology, and palliative care



Competencies formulated for identifying, assessing, integrating, and supporting family caregivers



Draft competencies disseminated for feedback at national meetings and via validity checks by an advisory of national experts

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RESULTS: Family Caregiver Competencies For Nursing Education

TWENTY Competencies for level-one (prelicensure) nursing education

FOUR Domains

- · The Nature of Family Caregiving
- Family Caregiver Identification and Assessment
- · Providing Family-centered Care
- Context of Family Caregiving



Level One FCG Competencies for Nursing Education

Domain One: The Nature of Family Caregiving

- Describe how major theoretical perspectives are used to understand the diversity and complexity of family caregiving (e.g., health belief model, person-environment-fit model, etc.)
- Examine the **negative and positive consequences** of family caregiving for individuals, families, and society.
- Integrate knowledge of key **sociocultural variables** that impact family caregiving with nursing interventions to promote equitable access and decrease health disparities (e.g., ethnicity, gender, socioeconomic status, family values).

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Level One FCG Competencies for Nursing Education

Domain Two: Family Caregiver Identification and Assessment

- Incorporate the identification of who is and/or who has a family caregiver(s) into routine health assessments.
- Assess care recipient and family caregiver preferences and values to determine goals and priorities.
- Identify and use valid and reliable methods for assessing family caregiver
 preparedness and determining support needs (e.g., quality of life, caregiving
 burden, physical and mental health, social isolation, and financial strain).
- Assess the relationship between the family caregiver and the care recipient, including family caregiving's positive and negative consequences.
- Tailor the assessment of family caregiving situations based on an understanding of how the illness condition (e.g., dementia vs. cancer) impacts family caregiving.
- Implement strategies to assess and respond to changes in the family caregiving situation over time.



Level One FCG Competencies for Nursing Education

Domain Three: Providing Family-centered Care

- Demonstrate the inclusion of the care recipient, family caregiver(s), and others, as appropriate, in a shared decision-making process for family caregiving.
- Implement **evidence-based interventions** that support the quality and effectiveness of family caregiving and are **tailored** to the needs, preferences, goals, and priorities of the care recipient and the family caregiver(s).
- Recognize how conscious and unconscious biases may affect the dynamics and interactions between health care providers, families, and family caregivers.
- Develop a family caregiver(s) support plan based on an assessment of the strengths, limitations, and resources (e.g., informal and formal support options) that includes the anticipated course of illness.
- Teach and support health promotion and self-care strategies to reduce caregiver strain.
- Tailor family-centered interventions according to an understanding of how sociocultural variables may impact care (e.g., ethnicity, language, culture, sexual orientation, and education).

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Level One FCG Competencies for Nursing Education

Domain Four: The Context of Family Careaivina

- Examine and address patient, provider, and health system factors that can facilitate or interfere with effective family caregiving.
- Recognize how systemic biases and historical influences affect the dynamics and interactions between the micro (family-centered healthcare team), meso (healthcare system/community), and macro (national) healthcare system.
- Develop an understanding of the local, state, and federal policies impacting family caregiving in one's specific practice area.
- Advocate for policy-level interventions that promote and support both family caregiving and family caregivers.
- Recognize the reciprocal value that exists between the family caregiver, the health system, and society.

Limitations

This work was accomplished by a national group of expert nurse educators and used formal processes to elicit feedback

Given the diversity of family caregiving situations, this work did not include direct input from family caregivers.

However, competency development was informed by organizations representing family caregivers (AARP, RAISE, National Alliance for Caregiving).

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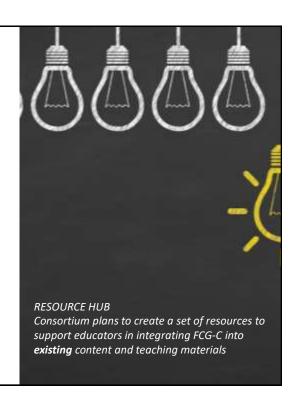
Implications & Next Steps

Resistance:

- Time and content limitations of nursing education
- Dynamic nature of healthcare

Recommendations:

- Assess your curriculum and integrate
- Share the FCG competencies in your network
- Stay in touch



EXAMPLES: FCG Competency Teaching Methods in Alignment with AACN Essentials (2021)



Level-One, Domain 7 – Systems-Based Practice

Family Caregiver Values Assignment



Level-One, Domain 2 – Person-centered Care

End-of-Life Simulation



Level-One, Domain 1 – Knowledge for Nursing Practice

Concept Map

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May we have your feedback via a brief survey?

The survey is anonymous. At the end, there is an option to submit your email to receive updates on this work.



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HEALTH SC

BETTY IRENE MOORE SCHOOL OF NURSING

Family Caregiving Institute

Sara Hart: sara.hart@nurs.utah.edu

https://nursing.utah.edu/research/groups-projects/family-caregiving-initiative

Kathryn Sexson: kesexson@ucdavis.edu
Jennifer Mongoven: jmmongoven@ucdavis.edu

https://health.ucdavis.edu/family-caregiving/